## JAWAHARLAL NEHRU UNIVERSITY NEW DELHI

Assistant Registrar's Examination November, 2011

Maximum Marks: 100 Time: 3 hours

## Part-I Descriptive questions

(70 marks)

Q1. The University has received a five year grant from UGC for Capacity Build-up and Infrastructure Development. The grant has both recurring and non-recurring components amounting in total to Rs.214 Crores. Out of the non-recurring component of Rs.70 crores it is proposed to utilise the grant by constructing Annexe Buildings for Schools and Centres, New Hostels, Sports facilities, 112 dwelling units and purchase equipment for scientific research. The balance grant comprising recurring component would be utilized for payment of salary to the faculty proposed to be recruited. In order to deal efficiently with the additional workload it is desirable to strengthen the Recruitment Cell, Bill Section and Cash Branch by restructuring the work in other sections and transferring the surplus employees. Also Data Entry Operators may be hired on contract on need based assessment. Put up a comprehensive note to the Registrar justifying the above arrangements and seeking approval for the same keeping in view the above facts. (20 marks)

Q2. The Association of Indian Universities (AIU) requires its member universities to pay the annual subscription fees in advance before the beginning of the financial year. Among other privileges, this enables each university to participate in the inter-university events to be held during the year upon submission of a copy of the AIU membership fee receipt to the organising/host institution. The Jawaharlal Nehru University(JNU) has paid the annual membership fee of Rs.49,000/- for 2011-12 to AIU through an account payee cheque no.012345 sent by registered post on 24-3-2011. No receipt has however been received from AIU. The students of JNU seek to participate in an inter-university cricket tournament at Delhi University starting from 21<sup>st</sup> of November,2011. The matter has been brought to your knowledge on 18<sup>th</sup> of November 2011. As Assistant Registrar of JNU describe three alternative ways (in order of preference) to deal with the situation in order to ensure participation of the JNU students in the cricket tournament. (10 marks)

- Q3. Answer with reference to the General Financial Rules (GFR):
- a) When can procurement be made on the basis of Single Tender Enquiry? (3 marks)
- b) When can goods be purchased under Limited Tender Enquiry even though estimated cost of such goods is more than Rs.25 lakhs? (3 marks)
- c) Discuss Bid Security. (5 marks)
- d) Discuss Performance Security. (5 marks)

Q4. What is the Income Tax exemption limit in respect of taxable income for the Assessment Year 2012-13 in respect of the following resident assesses: (4marks)

a)Mrs.P aged 55 years

b)Mr.Q aged 76 years

c)Mr.R aged 83 years

d)Mr.S aged 35 years

Q5. Write short notes in respect of the following in the light of the relevant Government rules:

a)Retirement Gratuity

(5 marks)

b)Commutation of pension

(5 marks)

Q6. Expand the following abbreviations:

(10 marks)

1. RTI

3. ATM

5. UGC

7. GAIL

9. UNICEF

2. DMRC

4. NDMC

6. ISRO

8. FERA

10. PAN

## PART-II Objective questions

(30 marks)

(2 marks each for correct answer, wrong answer will entail negative (-1) marking)

**Directions for Q7 to Q11.** Below is given a passage followed by several possible inferences which can be drawn from the facts stated in the passage. You have to examine each inference separately in the context of the passage and decide upon its degree of truth or falsity.

Write answer (A) if the inference is 'definitely true' in view of the facts given.

Write answer (B) if the inference is 'probably true' though not 'definitely true' as per given facts.

Write answer (C) if the 'data are inadequate', if from the facts given you cannot say whether the inference is likely to be true or false.

Write answer (D) if the inference is 'probably false', though not 'definitely false' in view of the facts given.

Write answer (E) if the inference is 'definitely false'.

There has been considerable debate regarding the privatisation of higher education in India. In general, there is an implicit assumption in this debate that privatisation is essentially the same as corporatisation i.e. private investment comes due to the potential of lucrative returns. However, in the field of higher education privatisation and corporatisation are actually quite different. Privatisation is concerned with who controls the educational institute and the role of the government in the management and funding of the institute. Corporatisation is about making profits. In India there is undoubtedly a need to encourage private not-for-profit universities to increase educational opportunities given the fact that the government cannot create enough public universities to satisfy the demand. However there should be clear, simple and transparent guidelines for such private universities to ensure that they are truly not-for-profit and offer a level playing field to all those who wish to set up private universities.'

- Q7. Privatisation of higher education has yet to take proper shape in India.
- Q8. Expansion of higher education opportunities in India is needed to meet the increasing demand.
- Q9. Corporatisation of higher education has benefited the students in the developed countries.
- Q10. Privatisation of higher education will lead to commercialisation of education in India.
- Q11. India does not have any extant guidelines for setting up higher educational institutions by private entities.

Directions for Q12 to Q21: Write the correct option among A,B,C,D and E.

- Q12. Special Economic Zones were established with which of the following objectives:
- 1. To attract foreign investment directly.
- 2. To protect domestic market from direct competition from multinationals. '
- 3. To provide more capital to agricultural and allied activities.

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B.Only 2.

C.Only 3.

D.All 1,2 and 3.

E. None of these.

Q13. Inflation in India is measured on which of the following indexes/indicators?

A.Cost of Living Index (COLI)

- B. Consumer Price Index (CPI)
- C. Gross Domestic Product (GDP)
- D. Wholesale Price Index (WPI)
- E. None of these.

## Q14. Fiscal deficit is:

A. Total income less government borrowing

B. Total payments less total receipts

C. Total payments less capital

D. Total expenditure less total receipts excluding borrowing

E. None of these.

Q15. In the term BRIC, R stands for:

A.Romania

B.Rajasthan

C. Russia

D.Regulation

E.None of these.

Q16. In an examination Raj got more marks than Moti but not as many as Meena. Meena got more marks than Ganesh and Rupali. Ganesh got less marks than Moti but his marks are not the lowest in the group. Who is second in the descending order of marks?

A. Meena

B. Rupali

C. Raj

D. Ganesh

E. None of these.

Q17. For which Ministry of the Government of India is a separate budget presented to Parliament?

A.Defence

**B.**Railways

C.Banking

**D.Civil Aviation** 

E.None of these

Q18. Which of the following Writs is issued by a court in case of illegal detention of a person?

A. Habeas corpus

B. Mandamus

C. Certiorari

D. Quo warranto

E. None of these

Q19. Amir Khusro was the famous poet in the court of: A.Akbar B.Shahjahan C.Ibrahim Lodi D.Alauddin Khilji E.None of the above
Q20. Which of the following taxes is not levied by the Union Government:
A.Income Tax
B.Wealth Tax
C.Profession Tax
D.Customs Duty
E.None of the above
Q21. Which of the following states has become the first in India where HIV/AIDS Testing is mandatory before marriage?  A.Maharashtra B.Delhi C.Goa D.West Bengal E.None of the above.